#### **SOUTH TYNESIDE**

# **Learning Disability Strategy 2022 - 2026**









Delivered in partnership with:











## **Our 4 Strategy Priorities**



### Introduction

Plan	The rules in England say we must have a 'Strategy' (Strategy means 'plan') for people with a Learning Disability.
Equality	The plan says how we will change the way we work to meet the needs of people with a Learning Disability.
	There are laws that say how we must make sure that people with a Learning Disability are valued and have the same opportunities as others.
	This plan also includes things that we jointly think should happen to make life better for people with a Learning Disability.



The plan is to enable people with Learning Disabilities to live their lives as they want, as part of their community, with the right support at the right time and from the right people.

The plan is for the next 5 years (2022-2026).

This means there is lots in the plan.

People with Learning Disabilities and their families need to have the same chances in life as other people. The plan helps make this happen.

The **plan** is for:

- people with **Learning Disabilities**
- that live in South Tyneside



## How did we know what to put in the plan?

Lots of people helped us make the **plan** 

- people with Learning Disabilities
- families and carers
- health and social care workers
- organisations that support people with Learning Disabilities and their families



## What did we need to think about when we made the plan?

To help write the plan, people with Learning Disabilities and their families told us:

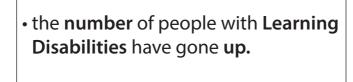
- What a good day looks like
- What a bad day looks like
- What a brilliant day looks like
- What a terrible day looks like

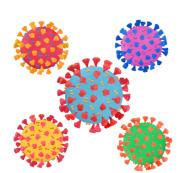
We also asked people and organisations that support people with Learning Disabilities the same questions.



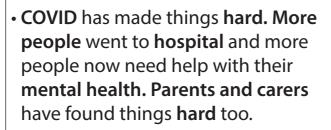


Some things we also had to think about were:





• the amount of **money** for health and social care has gone **down**.





- We also listened to what was being said across the North East, thought about work completed by government.
- We also looked at the work that had been completed nationally on "Building the right support" and learning from Winterbourne view.



## What is important in all our work with people with Learning Disabilities?

#### Having a good life

This means being part of the community and getting respect. It means that people have the chance to do the things they want and that people with Learning Disabilities are TREATED RIGHT



#### Feeling safe

We need to make sure people with Learning Disabilities are safe from harm. We want people to take risks and try new things but not be in danger. We want people to feel **SAFE** when they live in South Tyneside



## Being Listened too choice and control

We need to help people make their own choices about their life and a place and this means people need to be **LISTENED** to



• A place open to everyone

People with Learning Disabilities should be able to use all the same services as everyone else and being able to have easy **ACCESS** 



What are the most important things to include in the plan?

People with Learning Disabilities and their families have told us the most important **4 things** to put in our **plan**:



 Putting the person with Learning Disabilities first and hearing what is important to them



 Living in a place that they can call home, and if they need support, being supported by people who care



- Receiving the right support and being an equal part of the community
- Stopping people with Learning Disabilities dying early



Putting the person with Learning Disabilities first and hearing what is important to them

People with Learning Disabilities cannot have a **good life** without the right support.

People need access to **regular checks** to support them to ensure that their needs are being met.

People with Learning Disabilities and their families need support that helps them do the things they want to.



#### What are the Issues?

 People with Learning Disabilities do not always need specialist services.
 They should be able to access services that everyone else uses



 Sometimes services that are not specialist need some help to make sure they can support people with Learning Disabilities well







#### How can we make things better?

 make sure that services that health and social care pay for say how they are giving people better outcomes



 make all services easier for people with a Learning Disability to use



 give training to people in services so they can support people with a Learning Disability better



Living in a place that they can call home, and if they need support, being support by people who care

People with a Learning Disability need to have a say about **the places** they live in.

Their home needs to be a place that suits them and works well for them.



#### What are the issues?

 lots of people need somewhere to live. We do not have enough homes for people to live in South Tyneside



people with a Learning
 Disability and their families are not clear on what housing is available and what choices they have



 some homes need to have extra things added or be adapted so someone can live there



 some homes have no internet in them, or people do not get to use the internet if it is there



 some young people do not know where they will live when they become an adult. It makes it hard to plan for them and their families



 too many people live in residential homes. Some people do not need to live in them and could live in their own homes



 some people do not live in South
 Tyneside as there was not anywhere
 for them to live. People should be
 able to live in South Tyneside if they
 want to











- there are not enough homes for people with complex needs or who have behaviours that challenge. This can delay them leaving hospital or mean they have to move out of South Tyneside
- there are not enough homes for people to move to in an emergency or when they leave hospital
- not many people with a Learning
   Disability own their own home
- there are more and more older people with a Learning Disability.
   There are not enough places for people to live in





#### How can we make things better?

 develop a housing strategy to include lots of different types of homes



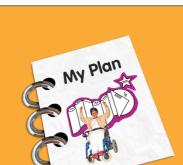
 improve the information and advice that is available about housing options



 make houses suitable for the people that are going to live there including adapting them or adding things that are needed



 make sure internet is available to people in health and social care funded homes



 ensure young people know where they are going to live when they become an adult. Help them to live in friendship groups if they want to



• less people to live in residential when they do not need to live there



- help people move back to South Tyneside if they want
- less people with a Learning Disability to move out of South Tyneside unless they want to



 more homes suitable for people with complex needs to be available







 have homes available quickly in an emergency or if someone needs one so they can leave hospital



 more people to own all or part of their own home

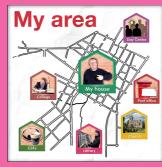


 more sheltered housing for older people with a Learning Disability



## Receiving the right support and being an equal part of the community

We need to make sure people with a Learning Disability are able to live a **good life.** We have been told by people with Learning Disabilities / families that this mean



- they can get something done that is important
- they are doing things other people do in the places where other people are
- they are doing the things they want to do with the support they need
- they meet people and make friends and feel part of their community





#### What are the Issues?

 people with a Learning Disability need more choice around what they can do and help to get jobs.



 Some people like online events during COVID, some people want to have more friends.



 Some people tell us they are lonely



 Some people tell us that both professionals and people they try and talk to in the street, ignore them and this makes them feel angry



 the transition pathway has not been easy to understand for young people and their families when moving from children to adult services



 not enough people with a Learning Disability are in work where they get paid



 people are not always supported in a person-centred way



 people with a Learning Disability should get personal assistants that can support them in the way they want







 direct payments are not always used as well as they could be and people do not always have as much choice with them as they could



 there is not enough respite care in South Tyneside for people with a Learning Disability or their family or carers



• there are not enough changing places toilets in South Tyneside which means people cannot stay out in the community and if people have additional physical needs, it is not always easy to access places

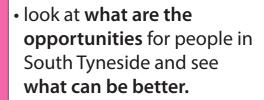


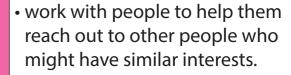






## How can we make things better?





 help people to feel safe to talk about what "good" looks like to them and what matters

• spend time listening and helping people with Learning Disabilities explore what is available to them, rather than controlling them







• better pathway for young people moving from children's services to adult health and social care services



 more jobs for people with a Learning Disability



 training to help staff deliver better person-centred support



 look at what personal assistant services people from South Tyneside can use and how we can make these better



• direct payments to be used for lots of different things that people choose



• more respite care



 more changing places toilets in South Tyneside more accessible





#### Stopping people with Learning Disabilities dying early

People with a Learning Disability need to get the same health services as everyone else. The services they get must be good. Some people will need special health services.



#### What are the issues?

more people with a Learning
 Disability should have an annual health check and a health action plan



 too many people take strong medicine which could be avoided if they were supported better





- people tell us that when they go into hospital staff do not know their needs.
- lots of people said they did not have a hospital passport.



 too many people go to the accident and emergency department when they could be helped at home or at the doctors



 people do not always know what to do about COVID. They may get worried if other people are not being safe





 we want to make sure everyone gets the same chance to use health services across South Tyneside



 there is a lot of training, and this could be shared better across organisations and with community to make better use of it



people with a Learning
 Disabilities, carers and families
 are not always included when
 services are designed



• it is **not** always **clear** for people **how to access health services** 





 we need to be better at working together so people have a better experience of health services



- sometimes people go to a mental health hospital when this could be avoided
- mental health services could work better to help people with Learning Disabilities use their services



people with a Learning
 Disability and their families do
 not always know how to access
 different health services and it is
 confusing





## How can we make things better?

 more people will get annual health checks and health action plans



 less people will be on strong medicine that they do not need and better support



 more people will get hospital passports in case they go into hospital



 less people will go to the accident and emergency department at the hospital that do not need to



 people will know more about COVID and other germs and how to keep safe



 everyone across South Tyneside will get to have the same access to healthcare



 more training is shared. We will make sure we have specialist staff where we need them



 we will include people with a Learning Disability and carers and families when we design services







• a clear pathway for people to access health services



• we will work together with other people so that our health services work better



• see if a **team** could help people stay in the **community** rather than go into hospital



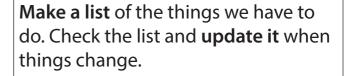
• mental health services to get better at **helping people** with a **Learning Disability** 



 make sure people with a Learning Disability and their families know about different services and how to get them

#### Making sure the plan works

Making the Learning Disabilities Alliance responsible for monitoring the plan and in charge of the plan. Check people are working hard to make the **plan work.** 





Talk to people with a Learning Disability and their families about making the **plan work.** Talk to organisations that work with them.

Think about the **best** ways to use the money. Make sure we are working to make people as **healthy**, **happy**, and independent as possible so they do not have problems.

Make sure all the **different services** are working well. Make sure everyone knows their **part** in the plan.

#### **WORD LIST**

clinical commissioning group is a group of doctors and other people that decide what health services will spend money on.

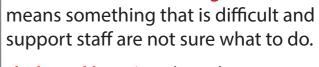
**strategy** a **strategy** is a plan to manage something or make something better.

contracts are written documents that people sign to say they will do something.

outcomes are something that happens at the end when something is done. An example is that you go to a fitness class. The outcome is that you get fitter and feel healthier and this makes you happy.

adapted means that a house has already been changed so the person can use it better. An example is if a ramp has been fitted so a person in a wheelchair can get from outside to inside.

complex needs this means someone might have a Learning Disability and other conditions. An example is someone with a Learning Disability and a mental health condition.



sheltered housing this is housing close together and where there is extra support close by.

behaviours that challenge this

adapting means to change something in a house to make it better for the person to use.

transition means moving from childrens health and social care services to adult health and social care services.

direct payment this is money the council gives to you to pay for your own support. It is based on what the council says your needs are.

respite this where someone with a Learning Disability stays somewhere else for a short time. An example is staying at a residential care home for two weeks. Another example is staying in someone's home such as shared lives.

shared lives is where you either stay in someone else's home for a short time or you live with them for a long time, and it becomes your home.







**changing places** is a public place with a toilet, special **equipment**, and space for changing.

**equipment** is things like changing benches, screens so people cannot see you, a **hoist** and safety alarms.

hoist is a piece of equipment that can be used to lift someone. For example, out of a wheelchair and onto the toilet.

#### South Tyneside Council

0191 427 7000

☐ Transformationjct@southtyneside.gov.uk

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